

SEABOOST ANTIFOULING STRIPPER

Solves up biocide based antifouling paints with exclusion tec formula that saves gelcoat and intact 2K epoxy from unnecessary damage. This unique formula speeds up the process when renovating old antifouling coatings.

NOTE: Antifouling stripper has not been shown to be aggressive against polyester gelcoat, epoxy gelcoat, intact 2K epoxy primers or aluminum in our tests. Due to the variety of possible substrates, you must always first test the stripper on a small spot of the surface, to make sure no damage occurs.

APPLICATION INSTRUCTIONS

Wash off dirt and loose antifouling coatings with fresh water using a rough brush or a high-pressure cleaner. Wash the boat at a flush plate to prevent poisonous paint from entering the environment. Alternatively, protect the ground with a tarp and perform the work with a small amount of water, a rough brush and rags to wipe off hazardous waste of paint. Tape off areas to be treated.

Provide good ventilation and cover the ground with a tarp to collect hazardous waste while working. The stripper is applied for a generous layer thickness on antifouling paints with a paintbrush. Work systematically, by applying Stripper on a small surface at a time. Let the Stripper affect for at least 10 minutes and a maximum of 2 hours. When the Stripper has softened the underlying paint, use a wooden or a plastic scraper to remove the paint.

The amount of work needed depends on many factors as with type of paint, layer thickness and condition of paint etc. For this reason, we recommend that you test the effect on different types of scrapers on a small area before starting the job to make sure your process is as effective as possible. In case of excessive thickness, it often pays off to use a metallic paint scraper to peel off top layers, before shifting to eq a plastic scraper. In this case you must proceed carefully and avoid damaging the paint layers or surfaces below that you don't want to harm. Excessive antifouling thicknesses often also require more than one operation. In some cases, a quick treatment with a blunt plastic scraper is enough.

Do not allow the paint stripper to work for more than 2 hours to avoid possible damage.

Average consumption for Stripper is between 200-600 ml/m²

After treatment, wipe off the surface and clean it with water. Allow to dry and grind the surface according to the recommendations for the next paint layer (use a dust mask). Then clean the surfaces with Seaboost Thinner 10037.

DISPOSAL OF WASTE

Antifouling paint and Stripper are hazardous waste. It is best to allow paint rests to dry/harden before disposal to a waste collection for hazardous waste.

Working conditions

Required temperature +5 C° to +30 C°. Avoid working in direct sunlight.

Store in dry conditions with temperatures between +3 C° to +30 C°. Unopened cans can be used within 3 years after production. Production time is found printed on the package.

IMPORTANT: Read and follow safety instructions printed on the package.